## MARYLAND INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES

## Maryland Historic Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

### Survey No. 66-37-/
Magi No.

DOE \_\_\_\_yes \_\_\_no

1. Name	(indicate preferred na	ame)			
historic	The Bellman House				
and/or common					
2. Location				hliophian	
Street & number:				x not for publication	
City, town:	The City of College F	The City of College Park vic		nity of 5 <sup>th</sup> Cong. District	
State:	Maryland	County Prince George's County		George's County	
3. Classificat	tion				
Name: Bob and	Ownership public x private both Public Acquisition in process being x not applicable  Property (give name) Charlotte Roberson r. 4609 Amherst Road	x occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible x yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no les and mailing address of	Telephone no: 301		
City, town: The	City of College Park		State & zip code: N	Maryland, 20740	
	of Legal Descript pistry of deeds, etc.	ion		Liber folio	
City, town			State		
•	ntation in Existing	<b>Historical Surveys</b>	: None		
Title					
Date			federal s	state county local	
Depository for sur	rvey records				
City, town			State		

7. Description

Check One
excellent \_\_\_deteriorated \_\_\_unaltered x original site
\_\_good \_\_\_ruins x altered \_\_\_moved date of move \_\_\_\_\_\_

unexposed

fair

Built in 1933 by H. C. "Curly" Byrd, the Robersons' house at 4609 Amherst Road was originally and predominantly sided with brick, though flagstone was installed around the front door. The front door is located at the center of the house's front side. Walking through the front door, one enters a hall that leads to the living room on the right, to a bathroom straight back, to the upstairs, and to the dining room on the left. The living room has two windows facing out to the front yard, two windows facing out to the right side of the house, and a fire place that is situated on the right side of the house. A porch, which the Robersons glassed-in in order to create an additional winterized room, is located in the back of the living room and faces out to their back yard. The dining room has two windows facing the front yard, two windows facing the left side of the house, and a fire place that is situated on the left side of the house. The first floor bathroom was originally the house's pantry that the Robersons converted into a half-bath. To create the first-floor bathroom, the Robersons erected a wall where the pantry's door once existed in the kitchen. The kitchen is located behind the dining room. The kitchen has a back door, two windows facing the back and left sides of the house, and a staircase that leads down to the basement.

Though no structural changes have been made to the basement, the Robersons installed plaster walls throughout the basement to cover up their water pipes and to make the area more livable. The basement now has a room that acts as Mr. Roberson's office. There was also a toilet in the original basement around which the Robersons also erected plaster walls.

To access the second floor of the house, one must climb the stairs that are located in the front hall. The second floor has a large hallway with a window looking to the back yard of the house. On the opposite end of the hallway sits a full bathroom with a window that looks out to the front yard. Moreover, on the ceiling in the middle of the second floor hallway is a pull-down staircase to access the unfinished attic, which is currently used as a storage area. The master bedroom is on the right side of the house with a dormer window overlooking the front yard. On the left side of the house there is a small bedroom that also has a dormer window overlooking the front yard. A small den with a window facing out to the right side of the house is adjacent to the small bedroom, and a sleep porch is behind the den. The sleep porch has several windows that face the back yard.

There is a driveway to the right of the house that leads to a garage set back from the house. Originally a brick garage, the Robersons replaced the garage with wood paneling painted dark brown.

				PG:
8. Significan	CE			Survey No. 66-37-1
-Deriod	Areas of Significance –	Check and justify belo	W	
prehistoric	archeology- prehistoric	community planning	landscape architecture	religion
1400-1499	archeology – historic	conservation	law	science
1500-1599	agriculture	economics	literature	sculpture
1600-1699	x architecture	education	military	social/humanitarian
1700-1799	art	engineering	music	theater
1800-1899	commerce	exploration/ settlement	philosophy	transportation
x 1900-	communications	industry	politics/ government	other (specify)
		invention		
Specific dates:		Builder/Architect:		
Check:				
Applicable Criteria	:A	_BCD		
Applicable Excepti	ion:A	_BCD	EFG	
Level of Significan		National	State	x Local

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

Mr. Bellman was the original owner of the 4609 Amherst Road house, and Bob and Charlotte Roberson bought a house from him in 1988. Erected in 1933, the house maintains local significance because it was built by the widely known and highly respected H. C. "Curly" Byrd, then the President of the University of Maryland. Interestingly, Bob Roberson was formerly a Professor of Microbiology at the University of Maryland.

The house, while experiencing some internal changes, has had no major structural changes made to its original frame. As the only major change to the house has been the conversion of the first-floor pantry to a half-bathroom, the house maintains its overall integrity. Moreover, regarding its setting and landscape integrity, the vista and landscaping surrounding the house has remained similar to its original state.

Several houses in the area were built based upon the same design as the Robersons' house, and together these houses are significant representations of 1930s middle-class suburban development. As Kenneth Jackson has explained, between 1929 and 1933 there was very little suburban development, so the Robersons' house on Amherst Road can be regarded as part of a new phase in suburban development. The house is also representative of the "simpler" house design and the so-called Comfortable House design, as opposed to the Victorian house design, that were both first popularized at the beginning of the twentieth century. Moreover, in describing houses designed like the Robersons' home, Robert Jones insists, "The house can best be described as a modern interpretation of the English Tudor Style." Continuing he explains, "The high-pitched roof, with its long sweep, is interrupted by the sharp peak of the front entrance gable and by the well-proportioned dormers at either side."(p. 185) According to Virginia and Lee McAlester, the English Tudor style house was popular during the 1920s and the 1930s. The McAlesters further note that these houses were typically constructed with brick and stone veneers such as the Robersons' Amherst Road house.(p. 358)

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Survey No. 6 6-37-1

9. Major Bibliographic Referen	<u>ces</u>		LAKE A Knowf 4004	<u> </u>
"cAlester, Virginia and Lee. A Field Guide to Lark, Clifford Edward. The American Family Flackson, Kenneth. Crabgrass Frontier: The Sugary Gowans, Alan. The Comfortable House: North Jones, Robert. Authentic Small Houses of the Brooke Orr's personal interview with Charlotte	American Houses. Home: 1800-1900. Iburbanization of to American Suburb Twenties. New Yo	he United an Archit ork: Dove	d States. NY: Oxford University Press recture, 1890-1930. Cambridge: MIT I Pr Publications, 1987.	
10. Geographical Data		<del></del>		
Acreage of nominated property Quadrangle Scale			Quadrangle Scale	
UTM References: (do not complete UTM refe	erences)			
Verbal boundary description and justification			toto or county boundaries	
List all states and counties for prop	Code Overlap	County	Code	
State	Code	County	Code	
State		Obuilty		
- 11. Form Prepared By - Name/Title: Brooke Orr, Graduate Student at	The George Was	hington (	University	
Organization: GWU's Historic Preservation C			Date: 3-2-98	
			Telephone: 202-319-3156	
City/Town: Washington, D.C.			State: DC	

The Maryland Historical Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

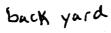
The survey and inventory are prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights

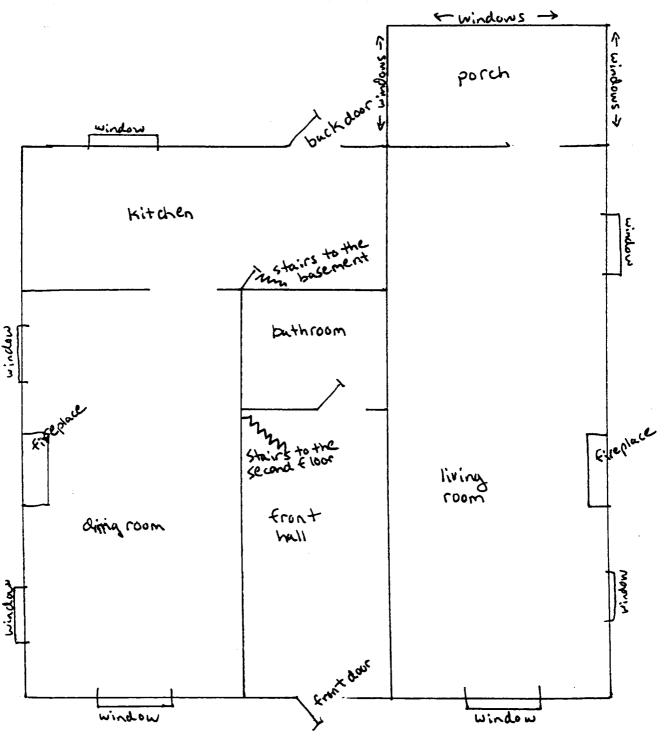
Return to:

Maryland Historical Trust

Shaw House 21 State Circle Annapolis, MD 21401 (301) 269-2438

garage





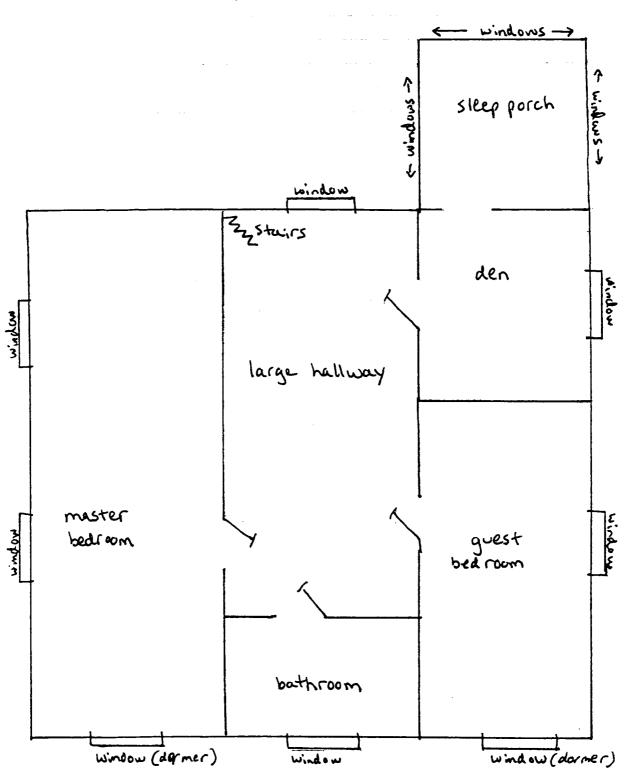
front yard

< street >>

driveway -

garage

back yard



front yard

< Street →

driveway -



